

# The CGC and the Cronin effect

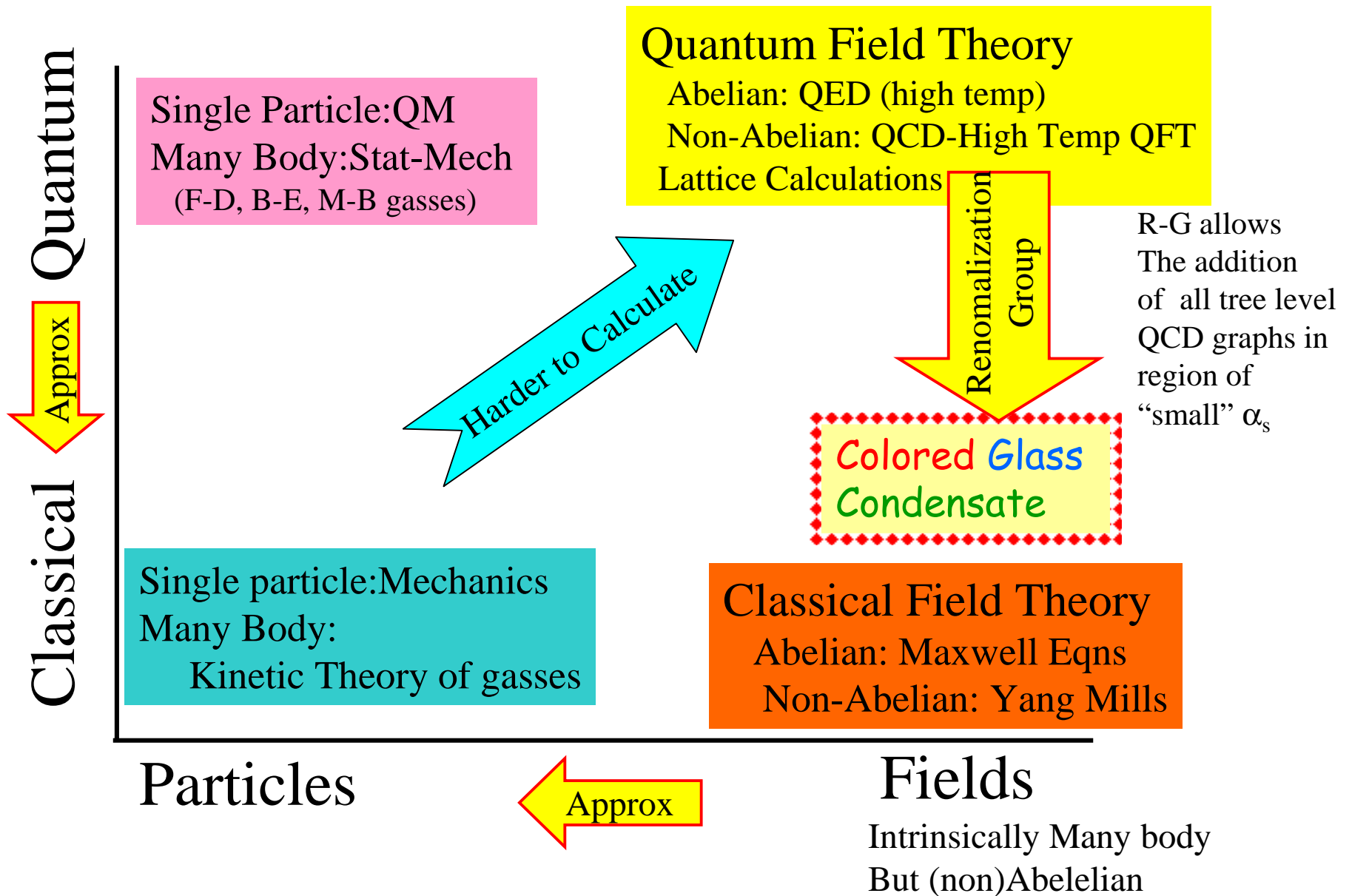
This is my attempt to understand the reconciliation between the Jamal-Marian CGC “Cronin” calculation and the Kharzeev et al prediction for dA. It is not meant to be a tutorial on the CGC but simply to clarify a few points. Hope its helpful

Richard Seto

Apr 3, 2003

Updated Apr 5 – not much changed

# Putting the CGC into context



# Relevant regions of calculability for QCD

The CGC has split into 2 regions (the CGC and the CQF)

Classical  
Quantum

High Occupation number Low

Solid? Liquid Gas

Condensate?

Quantum Field Theory

All Tree graphs via  
Renormalization group

Colored Quantum Fluid

calculable in "high  $Q^2$ "  
region, I.e. weak coupling  
but non-perturbative

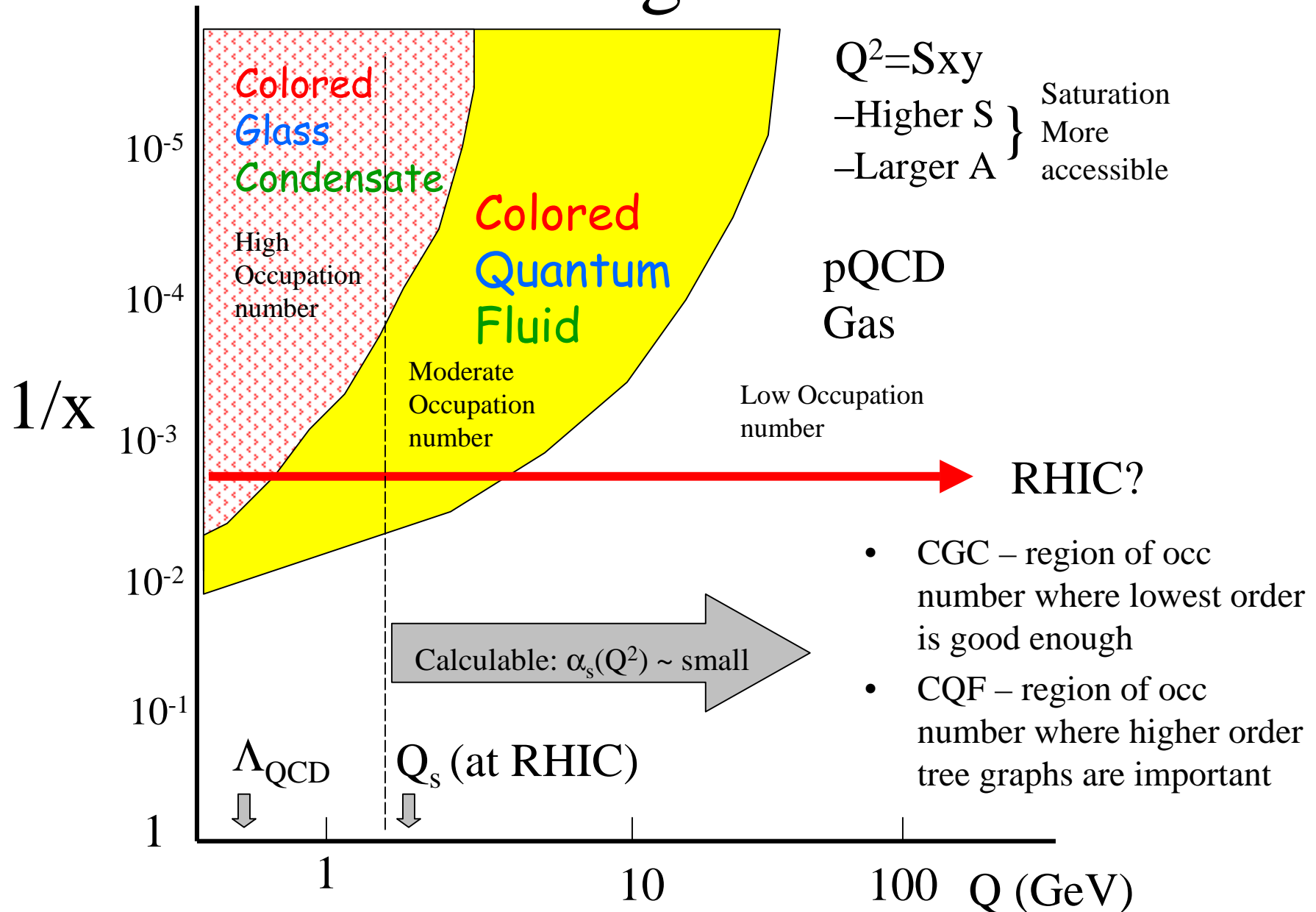
Colored Glass  
Condensate

Classical Field Theory

Kharzeev et al  
(no "Cronin" – good  
above  $pt \sim 4-6$  GeV)

Dumitru, Gelis,  
Jililian-Marian  
(includes "Cronin"  
No Tree graphs  
included for now)

# Regions

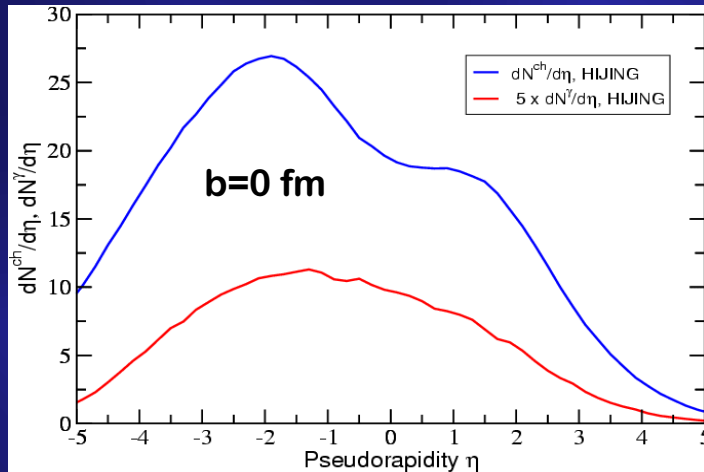


# Notes on the CGC

- Dima is only willing to predict total charged spectrum at high pt and not pions
  - I don't completely understand why but you can ask
    - (it has something to do with the unknown fragmentation functions of very virtual quarks, different than the almost on-shell nature of fragmenting quarks in  $e^+e^-$ )
    - They ignore final state interactions (jet suppression, flow, coalescence...) If these are present then they "hide" the CGC
  - Hence we cannot make a direct comparison with the  $\pi^0$  which I believe is the cleanest handle we have on jets
  - Our charged suppression is  $\sim 0.5$  so  $R_{d+Au} = \sqrt{R_{Au+Au}} = \sqrt{0.5} = 0.7$
- My guess as to the relationship between "shadowing" and the CGC
  - The CGC is really a word describing a region (high occ number) which can be calculated from "first principles" using QCD. It is less a model than an approximation. Hence it can describe shadowing from "first principles"
- Its not clear that the CGC theorists agree with each other on all this

# Predictions

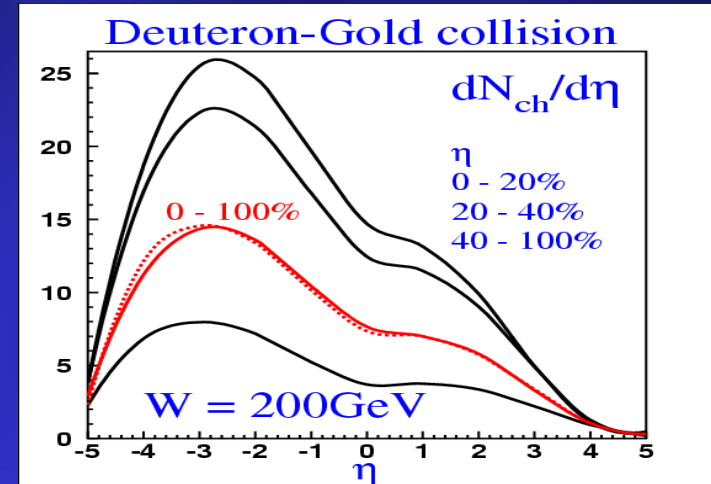
HIJING 1.37 simulation;  
X.N.Wang and M.Gyulassy, Phys.Rev.Lett. 68, (1992)



$dN_{ch}/d\eta$

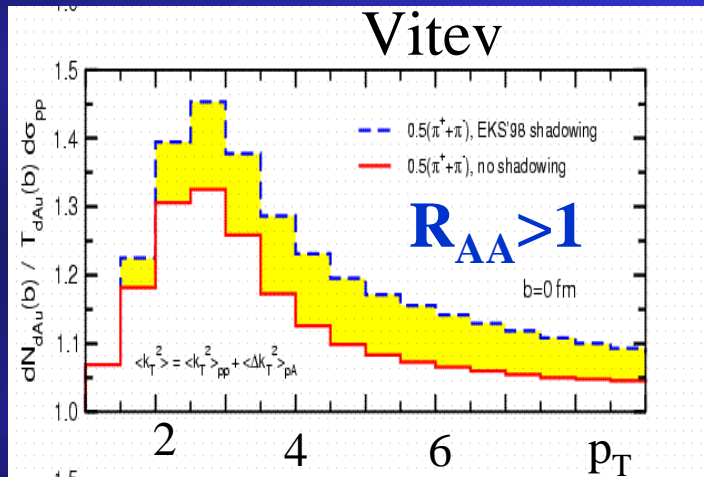
Not much  
Difference  
Between  
“standard”  
Models and  
CGC

D.Kharzeev, E.Levin and M.Nardi, hep-ph/0212316



“CGC”

More standard “jet suppression” models



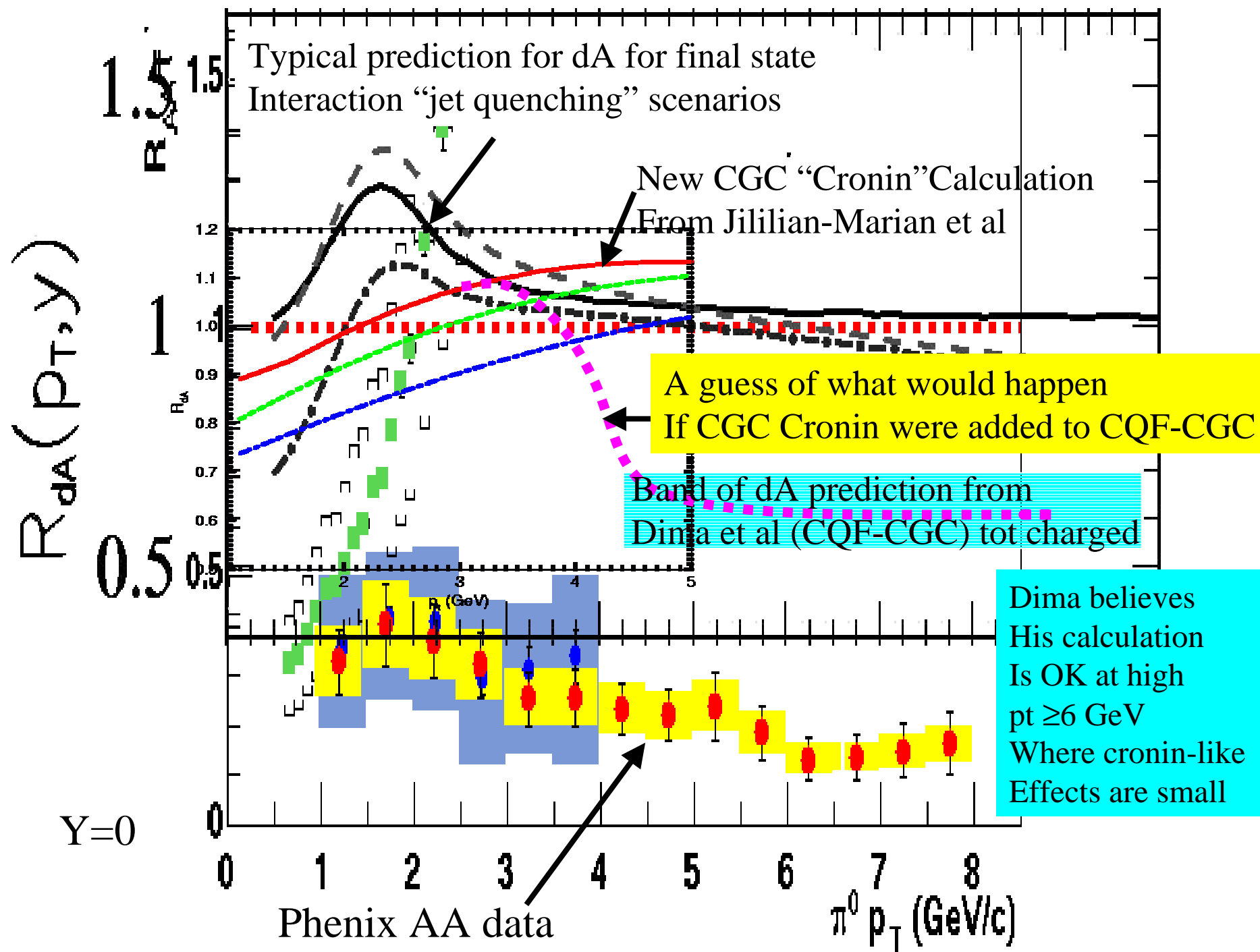
$R_{AA}$

$$R_{d+Au} = \sqrt{R_{Au+Au}}$$

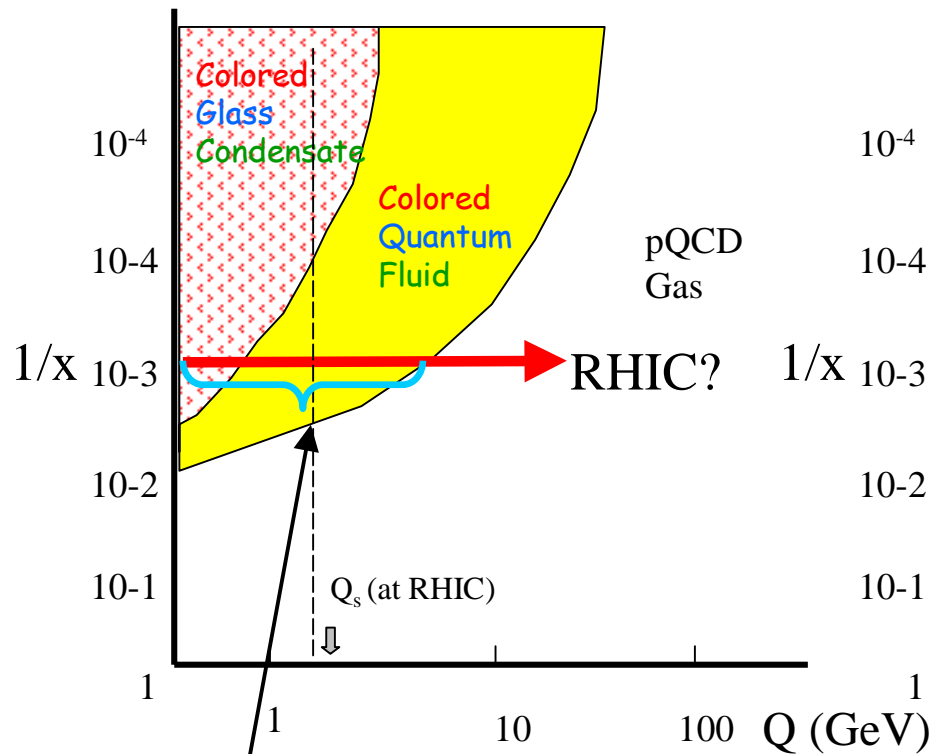
$$\sqrt{0.5} = 0.7 < 1$$

See next page

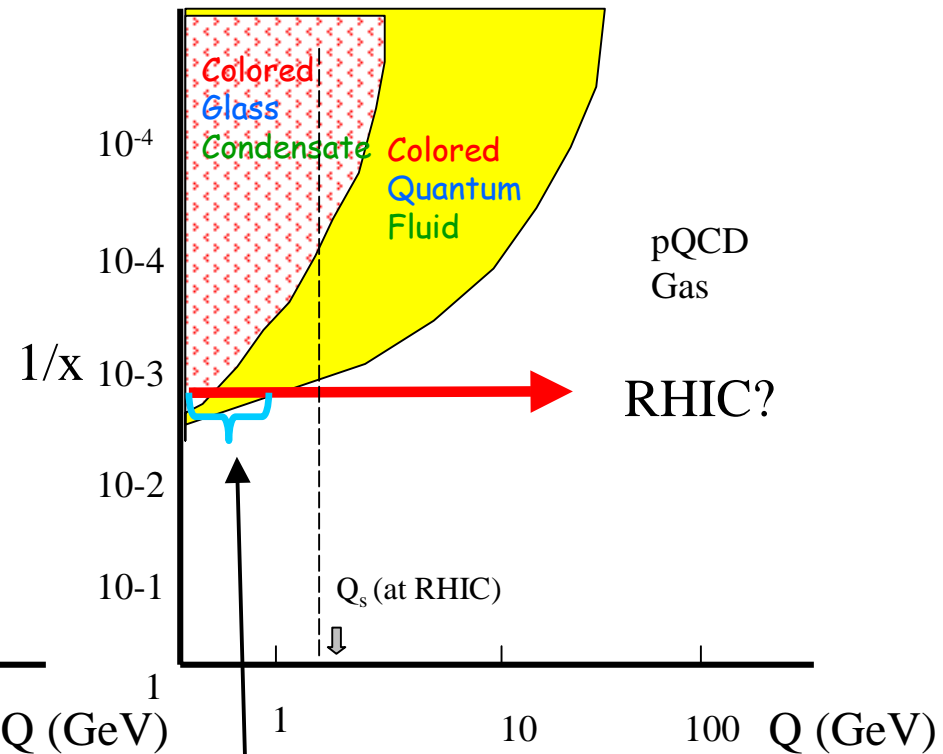




# A couple possibilities for the CGC



- Exp result:
    - Multiplicity: is as CGC ( or other models) predicts
    - High pt dA: suppressed
- RHIC in regime in which CGC affects high pt



- Exp result:
    - Multiplicity: is as CGC ( or other models) predicts
    - High pt dA: NOT suppressed
- RHIC in regime in which CGC affects only low pt (mult) but not high pt



# Summary (mostly from MG)

- Two extreme opposite interpretations of RHIC AA data exists

Evidence for opaque 100 x nuclear density matter  
Evidence for deep gluon shadowing (saturation)

Ambiguity due to competition between initial nuclear wavefunction, Shadowing, initial state (Cronin) interactions, and final state int.

- as pointed out in 1992 p+A (or d+A) needed to isolate Initial State effects : shadowing and Cronin

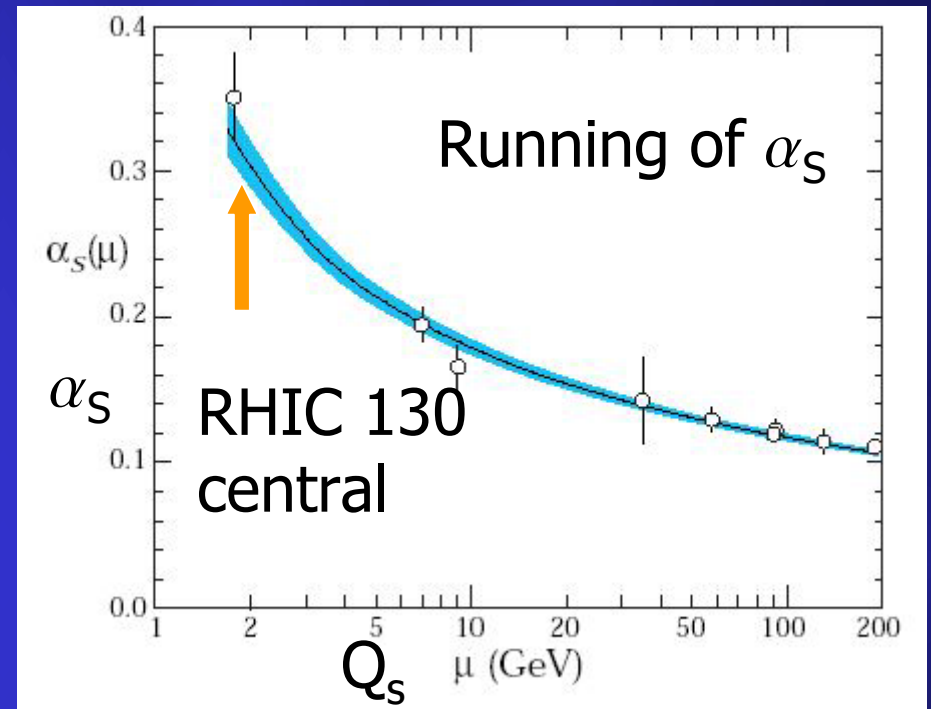
IF RHIC finds  $R(5 \text{ GeV}) \sim 1.1-1.3$  in d+Au , then  
interpretation (1) QGP matter was produced in AA  
And RHIC AA Has chance to map out QCD EOS  
(rks) CGC may still give us the initial state

IF RHIC finds  $R(5 \text{ GeV}) < 0.7$  in d+Au , then  
interpretation (2) and AA= shattered color glass  
No QGP matter => go to eRHIC to map xGA.

IF RHIC finds  $0.7 < R(5 \text{ GeV}) < 1$  Back to the drawing board ???  
(rks) probably combination of both

# QCD- RG and the CGC

- Renormalization Group Theory gives us a way of summing ALL graphs of a certain kind (in particular “tree graphs”)
  - For the CGC these are to first order in  $\alpha_s \ln(1/x) \ln Q^2$
  - For PQCD this is all graphs usually to first order in  $\ln Q^2$



At RHIC,  $Q_s \sim 1-2$  GeV  
 $\alpha_s(Q_s) \sim 0.3 - 0.4$